

Supplementary data for SPIN2015

title: On Refinement of Buchi Automata for Explicit Model Checking

This document contains the data and commands we used to prepare our paper. You can also use the [pdf version](#) of this document.

Attached files description

We provide four kind of files:

- promela models stored in the directory [models](#)
- the list of verification tasks used in our benchmark, file [verification_tasks.csv](#)
- statistics collected from the translations and Spin runs stored in [logall_typeofrefinement.csv](#), 4 files ([form_ref](#), [aut_ref](#), [no_ref](#), [simp](#), where simp stands for automata after simplification)
- merged and filtered data used to create the figures and tables used in the paper, 3 files ([aut_ref_vs_no_ref.csv](#), [form_ref_vs_aut_ref_spot.csv](#), [form_ref_vs_no_ref.csv](#))

All the described benchmark results as well as the list of verification tasks can be found in the directory [csv](#)

List of verification tasks

The file [verification_tasks.csv](#) contains 4 columns:

- model,
- formula,
- refinement_information,
- source.

The pair (model,formula) defines the verification task as described in the paper. The column 'refinement_information' shows the information used in all refinements. This column should be interpreted as a *space*-separated list of *comma*-separated lists of incompatible APs. To be explicit, 'p1,p2' 'p3' means that atomic propositions p1 and p2 are mutually incompatible (there is no restriction imposed by a list of length 1). Note that it is often the case that the names of APs are enclosed in quotes ("). And finally in the column *source* you can find two possible values: **beem** and **generated** regarding how we obtain the formula of the verification task.

Statistics – logall

The files of `logall_refinfo.csv` store stats that we derived from Spin runs of the tasks, and the automata generated by corresponding LTL translator. For each task there are 6 rows with different translators. Note that in `simp` and `aut_ref` we used only unique (non-isomorphic) automata so some rows (out of the 6) can be missing. Description of some columns follow:

- `tool` – LTL translator
- `stored`, `visited`, and `matched` – number of stored, visited, and matched states given by Spin
- `trans` – number of visited product transition given by Spin
- `max_reached_depth` – given by Spin, used to detect incomplet searches (= 999999999)
- `error` – indicates whether Spin found a counterexample, i.e. the undesired behaviour was (1) or was not (0) present in the model
- `por` – indicates whether Partial Order Reduction was used (it was used for all X-free formulas)
- `timeout`:
 - 0 – no timeout arises
 - 1 – timeout in Spin-verifier run
 - 2 – timeout in LTL translation
 - 3 – timeout in generation of the verifier by Spin
 - 4 – timeout in automaton refinement
 - 5 – timeout in post-simplifications
- `memoryout` – the verifier (`./pan`) ran out of memory (20GB limit)
- `translation_cmd` – command for the LTL translator
- `stripped_formula` – the formula refined
- `result_file` – some kind of id used to merge different results (`aut_ref` with `form_ref`)
- `autfilt_{states,edges,transitions}` – stats about the automata used for model-checking produced by `autfilt` (from the Spot library)

Merged data

The data for different refinement setting were merged and filtered. The files `X_vs_Y.csv` are filtered from all timeouts, memoryouts and cases where `max_depth` reached the limit of 999999999. The columns are the same as at `logall` files, but with corresponding prefix.

Commands used

We used the following commands to manipulate formulae and automata. They run with timeout set to 20 minutes.

- `ltlfilt -f <formula> [--exclusive-ap=<refinfo>]+` performs the formula refinement (use one `--exclusive-ap` for each list of incompatible APs),
- `autfilt --exclusive-ap=<refinfo> -s -F <neverclaim_path>` performs the automaton refinement,
- `autfilt --high --small -s -F <neverclaim_path>` performs postoptimizations used for comparison of the impact of automaton refinement only.

For each combination of *model* and *neverclaim* we run Spin using the following sequence of commands (30 minutes TO, 20GB MemoryOut).

1. `spin -a -N <neverclaim_path> <model>` to generate the source code of the verifier.
2. `gcc -DMEMLIM=20480 -DNOSTUTTER -o pan pan.c` to compile tasks with stutter invariant properties, and `gcc -DMEMLIM=20480 -DNOSTUTTER -DNOREDUCE -o pan pan.c` for properties that are not stutter invariant. The option `-DNOSTUTTER` was used to avoid the *then-present* bug in Spin described in the paper, `-DNOREDUCE` disables *partial order reduction*.
3. `./pan -a -m100000000` to run the verification itself.

We also used `autfilt` and `ltlcross` to gather various statistics about the produced automata.

Example

Here we illustrate how to use the commands on model `anderson.4.pm` and formula `GF"PO@CS" -> GF"PO@NCS"` with refinement information `'"PO@CS", "PO@NCS"'`.

1. Generating neverclaims:
 - `ltl2tgba -f 'GF"PO@CS" -> GF"PO@NCS"' -s > no_ref`
 - `ltlfilt -f 'GF"PO@CS" -> GF"PO@NCS"' --exclusive-ap='"PO@CS", "PO@NCS"' | ltl2tgba -s -F - > ltl_ref`
 - `autfilt --exclusive-ap='"PO@CS", "PO@NCS"' -s -F no_ref > aut_ref`
2. Run Spin for ltl refinement, the results are stored in the file `res`:
 - `spin -a -N ltl_ref anderson.4.pm`
 - `gcc -DMEMLIM=20480 -DNOSTUTTER -o pan pan.c`
 - `./pan -a -m100000000 > res`