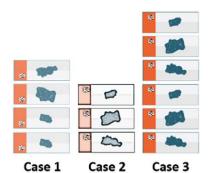
Al Solution for Inflammatory Bowel Disease

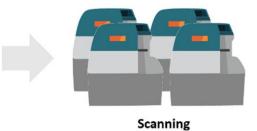
Tomáš Brázdil, Ondřej Fabián, Adam Kukučka, Vít Musil





Digital pathology









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Our team and collaborations



RationAI: Research group at MUNI

- More than 30 members
 - Eight senior members at MUNI
 - Two Ph.D. students,
 - Master and bachelor students

Project oriented

Projects in digital pathology, explainable AI, AI infra development

IKEM: Institute for Clinical and Experimental Medicine

- Prof. Fabián and Dr. Květoň
- Prof. Sticová and Dr. Vajsová sample preparation, scanning, data preparation
- Collaboration with Liberec a Thomayer hospitals

Other RationAl collaborations:

- Masaryk Memorial Cancer Institute main collaboration in digital pathology, deployment of prototype AI systems
- Med Uni Graz, FN Brno, etc.









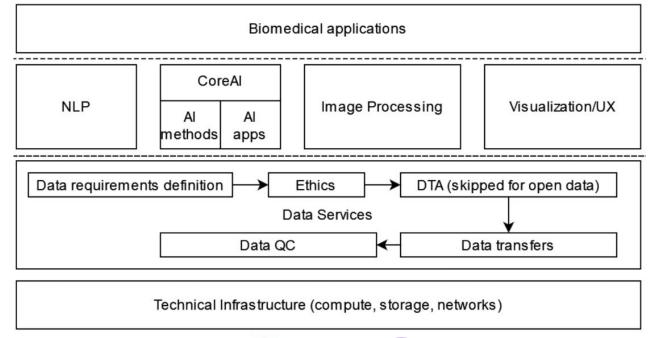
Full Stack Al







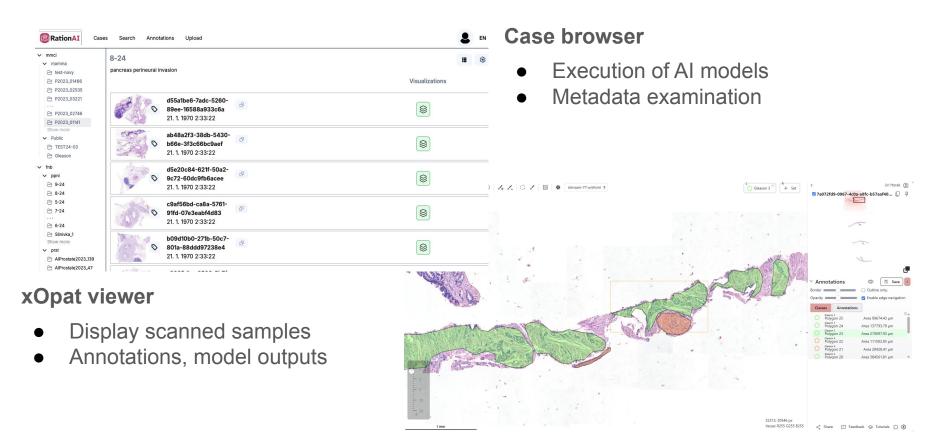
MUNI FI MUNI ICS







Experimental clinical deployment at MMCI



Al in DP Problems Portfolio

Cancer prediction

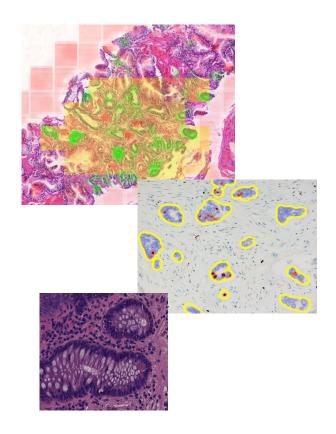
- Prostate, colon, breast, pancreas, etc.
- Data from MMCI, FN Brno, MUG
 Deployment at MMCI

Genomics

- Prediction of markers from morphological structures
 Ki-67 index, Mammaprint
- Collaboration with MMCI and FN Brno

Inflammatory bowel disease

- Ulcerative colitis (Nancy index etc.)
- Collaboration with IKEM
 (and other hospitals such as Thomayer, Liberec)

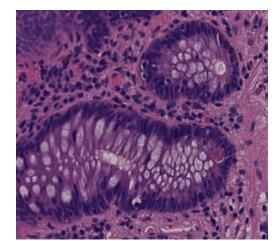


IBD

Nancy index 0 - 4 grading inflammation severity based on whole-slide images of colon tissue samples

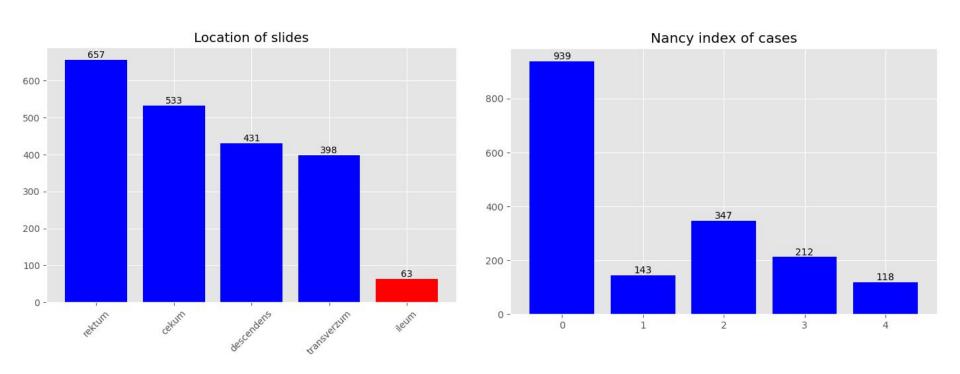
The work comprises:

- Sample preparation and data acquisition (IKEM)
 Retrieve samples, select, scan, connect with clinical data (such as locality, Nancy index)
- Data preparation (IKEM, MUNI)
 - Scan level annotations: Clean-up labels (assignment correctness), data exploration
 - Image quality control
- Model training (MUNI)
 - Training on Cerit-SC infra, foundation models employed
- Model testing (IKEM, MUNI)
 - Metrics computation, visual inspection, pathologist's feedback

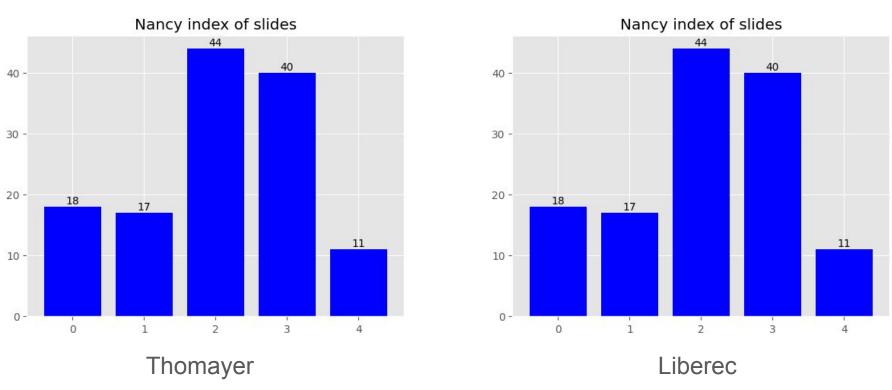


IKEM Dataset

2019 WSI, labeled with Nancy index



Thomayer Hospital & Liberec



These datasets have not yet been used

Training Nancy 0-1 vs 2-4 predictor

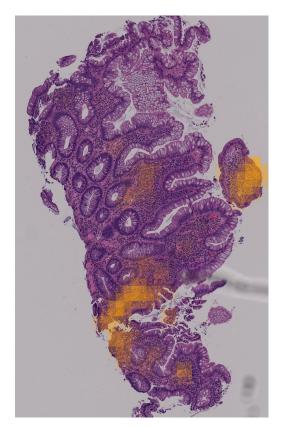
Binary prediction: Class 1 = Nancy < 2

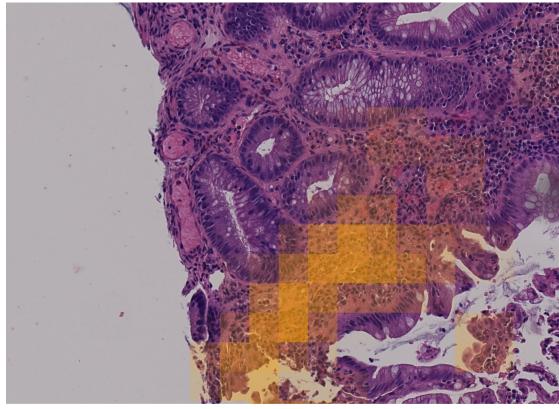
Class 2 = Nancy >= 2

- Foundation model (ProvGigapath)
- Folded training & eval Leave one out, 5 folds
- Trained to predict on small patches + summarization using attention

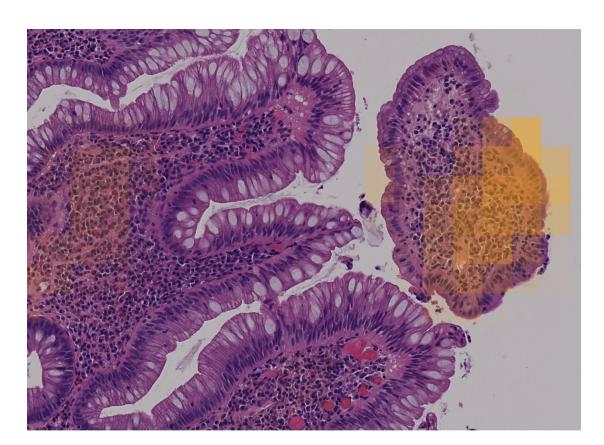
Fold	AUC	accuracy	sensitivity	specificity
1/5	0.9473	0.9007	0.9023	0.8994
2/5	0.9476	0.8508	0.9266	0.8035
3/5	0.9360	0.8410	0.9160	0.7904
4/5	0.9566	0.8684	0.9297	0.8387
5/5	0.9547	0.8587	0.9431	0.7937

Example predictions





Example predictions



Future Work

- Distinguish Nancy =0 from >0 and <=2 from >2
 - Difficult: The index values determined by the size of the inflammation area
 - High inter-person variability
- Multi-centric testing (and training)
 - More data from Thomayer and Liberec
 - Expected issues with color shifts, etc.
- Deployment in IKEM
 - Inclusion of AI into the clinical workflow
 - Continuous execution



Dysplasia Detection

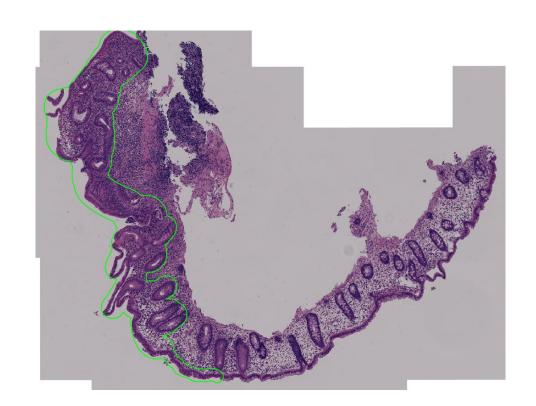
Detection of high grade dysplasia in colon

Current state: Data preparation

- Local hand-crafted annotations: IKEM
- QC

Plan

 Use similar models as for prostate cancer prediction



Conclusions

- Our group is ready for full stack development of AI in digital pathology
- We have already developed AI model distinguishing Nancy <2 and >=2 for colon WSI
- Our plan is to
 - finish models detecting all Nancy index levels
 - do multicentric testing
 - deploy in hospitals (IKEM)
 - continue with dysplasia detection AI methods