

IV054 Coding, Cryptography and Cryptographic Protocols
2020 - Exercises V.

1. (4 points)

- (a) Encrypt your UČO (personal identification number) with the RSA cryptosystem with public key $e = 11$ and $n = 1147$. Then, with the knowledge $31 \times 37 = 1147$, show the decryption steps.
- (b) Encrypt the binary expansion of the last two digits of your UČO (this is a binary vector of length 7) with Knapsack cryptosystem with public key $X' = (393, 396, 140, 152, 435, 486, 323)$. Then, with the knowledge $u = 131$ and $m = 521$, show the decryption steps.

2. (3 points) You have purchased a device that generates RSA keys. The device generated the following moduli:

65201327, 134635439, 122176133, 122237737 and 99633161.

Can you consider them safe (omit the fact that they are small)? If not, try to factorize them without using brute force. Explain.

3. (3 points) You are given $n = 633917$, for which you know that it is a product of two primes and $\phi(n) = 632256$. Find factors of n without using brute force. Explain your calculations.

4. (5 points) Show that if $f : \{0, 1\}^n \rightarrow \{0, 1\}^n$ is a strongly one-way function then $g_c : \{0, 1\}^{2n} \rightarrow \{0, 1\}^{2n}$, $g_c(x_1 \parallel x_2) = c \parallel f(x_1)$, where $x_1, x_2 \in \{0, 1\}^n$ and $\parallel$ is concatenation, is also a strongly one-way function for any constant parameter $c \in \{0, 1\}^n$.

5. (5 points) Consider the McEliece cryptosystem with

$$G = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad S = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad P = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) Compute the public key G' .
 - (b) Using the error vector $e = 0000100$ encode the message $w = 1010$.
 - (c) Decode ciphertext $c = 1100110$.
6. (5 points) Consider a Galois field $\text{GF}(2^n)$, $n > 1$. Alice wants to securely send a message $m \in \text{GF}(2^n)$ to Bob. They perform the following:

- i. Alice chooses e_A with $\gcd(e_A, 2^n - 1) = 1$, computes $A = m^{e_A}$ in $\text{GF}(2^n)$ and sends A to Bob.
- ii. Bob chooses e_B with $\gcd(e_B, 2^n - 1) = 1$, computes $B = A^{e_B}$ in $\text{GF}(2^n)$ and sends B to Alice.

Show how Alice and Bob continue their communication and how can Bob recover m . Prove your answer.