# Testing Graph MSO Properties A Fresh View

Or, can we beat Courcelle's theorem?



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- Yet, more on "optimality": cannot get much above bd. tree-width, for MSO<sub>2</sub> by [Kreutzer-Tazari], and col.-MSO<sub>1</sub> by [Ganian et al.]

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• [NEW]: Namely,  $\forall d$  can do all MSO<sub>2</sub> in time  $|V(G)| \cdot f(\phi)$  where  $f(\phi)$  is elementary, on the graphs of tree-depth  $\leq d$  (much wider than bounded vertex cover)

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- and, can find new wider classes for elementary m.c. of MSO<sub>1</sub>

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- $MSO_2$  on graphs: additionally using edges (and edge-set variables), and an inc(x,e) predicate,

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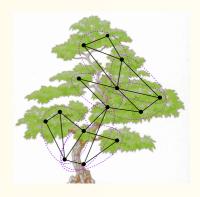
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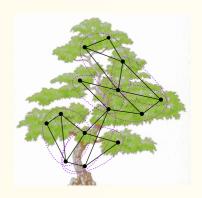
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- can do Hamiltonian, spanning tree (MSO<sub>2</sub>, but not MSO<sub>1</sub>)
- extensions can enumerate / optimize over solutions. . .

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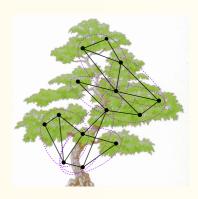
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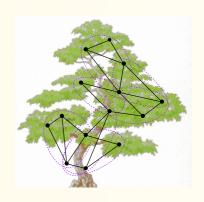
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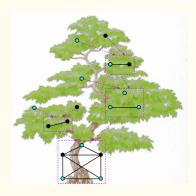


#### Theorem. (Courcelle)

Assume  $\phi$  is an MSO<sub>2</sub> sentence, and G is of tree-width k, given along with a tree-decomposition. Then  $G \models \phi$  can be decided by an FPT algorithm, in time  $\mathcal{O}\big(g(k,\phi)\cdot |V(G)|\big)$  for some g.

#### Courcelle–Makowsky–Rotics MSO<sub>1</sub> Theorem

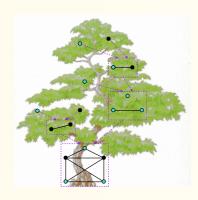
Clique-width  $cwd(G) \leq k$  if G given by a k-expression (over k-labelled gr.), k-expression  $\sim$  disjoint unions, relabelling, edge-add. between labels.



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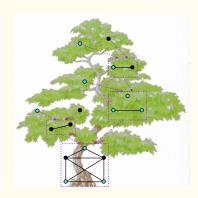
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#### Theorem. (Courcelle-Makowsky-Rotics)

Assume  $\psi$  is an MSO<sub>1</sub> sentence, and G is of clique-width k, given along with a k-expression. Then  $G \models \psi$  can be decided by an FPT algorithm, in time  $\mathcal{O}\big(g(k,\psi)\cdot |V(G)|\big)$  for some g.

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- (Similarly for clique-width and MSO<sub>1...</sub>)

The conclusion. Enough to study MSO properties of coloured trees!

## The Ground: Trees vs. Shrubs

Coloured MSO model checking in time...





$$|T| \cdot 2^{2^{2^{\cdot \cdot \cdot *}}}$$
 quant-alt $(\phi)$  vs.  $|T| + 2^{2^{\cdot \cdot \cdot *}}$  shrub height

$$2^{2^{2}}$$
 shrub

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Hence there is a kernelization FPT algorithm with runtime

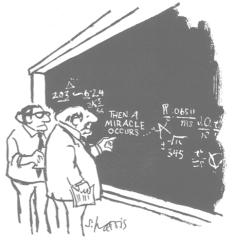
$$\mathcal{O}(|T| + |T'|^q)$$
 where  $|T'| \sim 2^{2^{|T|}} height$ .

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Apply the same argument as for FO—no distinction detected among too many repeating copies of such R...

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"I THINK YOU SHOULD BE MORE EXPLICIT HERE IN STEP TWO, "

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Cons., the repetition threshold depends on  $\phi$  and on the size of R.

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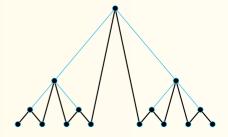
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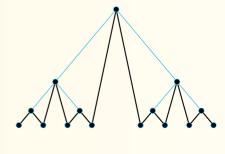
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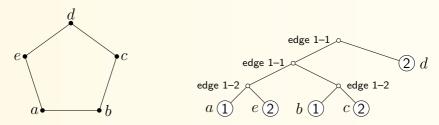
or, catching the robber with cops that cannot be lifted back to the helicopter.



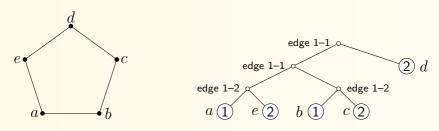
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• Shrub-depth (of a graph class) = the smallest depth for which all the graphs are m-partite cographs (for some m).

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That is, to find a reasonably restricted (and still "expressive") fragment of graph MSO giving elementary runtime dependence on the quantifier alternation depth?

